

Acumen Security, LLC.

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Revision History

Version	Date	Description
1.0	November 2018	Initial Release

1. Security Target Introduction

1.1. Security Target and TOE Reference

This section provides information needed to identify and control this ST and its TOE.

Category	Identifier
ST Title	Apple iOS 11 Safari Security Target
ST Version	1.0
ST Date	November 2018
ST Author	Acumen Security, LLC.
TOE Identifier	Apple iOS 11 Safari on iPhone and iPad
	Note: The TOE is the Safari browser software only. The Apple iOS operating system has been separately validated (VID 10851).
TOE Software Version	11
TOE Developer	Apple Inc.
Key Words	Application, Mobility, Browser

Table 1 TOE/ST Identification

1.2. TOE Overview

The TOE is the Apple iOS Safari application which runs on iPad and iPhone devices. The product provides access to HTTPS/TLS connections via a browser for user connectivity.

Note: The TOE is the Safari software only. The Apple iOS operating system has been separately validated (VID 10851).

1.3. TOE Description

The TOE is an application on a mobile operating system. The TOE is the Safari browser application only. The Apple iOS operating system has been separately validated (VID 10851). The mobile operating system and hardware platforms are part of the TOE environment. The evaluated version of the TOE is version 11.

As evaluated, the TOE software runs on the following devices,

Device Name	Model	Processor	WiFi	Bluetooth
iPhone X	A1901	A11	802.11a/b/g/n/ac	5.0
	A1902		802.11a/b/g/n/ac	
	A1865		802.11a/b/g/n/ac	
iPhone 8 Plus/	A1864, A1897, A1898, A1899/	A11	802.11a/b/g/n/ac	5.0
iPhone 8	A1863, A1905, A1906, A1907		802.11a/b/g/n/ac	
iPhone 7 Plus/ iPhone 7	A1661, A1784, A1785, A1786/	A10	802.11a/b/g/n/ac	4.2
	A1660, A1778, A1779, A1780		802.11a/b/g/n/ac	4.2
iPhone 6S Plus/ iPhone	A1634, A1687, A1690, A1699/	A9	802.11a/b/g/n/ac	4.2
6S	A1633, A1688, A1691, A1700		802.11a/b/g/n/ac	4.2
iPhone SE	A1662	A9	802.11a/b/g/n/ac	4.2
	A1723		802.11a/b/g/n/ac	
	A1724		802.11a/b/g/n/ac	
iPhone 6 Plus/ iPhone 6	A1522, A1524, A1593/	A8	802.11a/b/g/n/ac	4.0
	A1549, A1586, A1589		802.11a/b/g/n/ac	4.0
			802.11a/b/g/n/ac	4.0
iPhone 5s	A1453	A7	802.11a/b/g/n	4.0
	A1457		802.11a/b/g/n	4.0

Device Name	Model	Processor	WiFi	Bluetooth
	A1518		802.11a/b/g/n	4.0
	A1528		802.11a/b/g/n	4.0
	A1530		802.11a/b/g/n	4.0
	A1533		802.11a/b/g/n	4.0
iPad mini 3	A1599	A7	802.11a/b/g/n	4.0
	A1600		802.11a/b/g/n	4.0
	A1601		802.11a/b/g/n	4.0
iPad mini 4	A1538	A8	802.11a/b/g/n	4.2
	A1550		802.11a/b/g/n	4.2
iPad Air 2	A1566	A8X	802.11a/b/g/n/ac	4.2
	A1567		802.11a/b/g/n/ac	4.2
iPad (5th gen)	A1822	A9X	802.11a/b/g/n/ac	4.2
	A1823		802.11a/b/g/n/ac	4.2
iPad Pro 12.9"	A1584	A9X	802.11a/b/g/n/ac	4.2
(1st Gen)	A1652		802.11a/b/g/n/ac	4.2
iPad Pro 9.7"	A1673	A9X	802.11a/b/g/n/ac	4.2
	A1674		802.11a/b/g/n/ac	4.2
iPad Pro 12.9" (2nd	A1670	A10X	802.11a/b/g/n/ac	4.2
Gen)	A1671		802.11a/b/g/n/ac	4.2
iPad Pro 10.5"	A1701	A10X	802.11a/b/g/n/ac	4.2
	A1709		802.11a/b/g/n/ac	4.2
iPad 9.7"	A1893	A10	802.11a/b/g/n/ac	4.2
	A1954			

Table 2 Devices Covered by the Evaluation

The Operating System on which the TOE is running is Apple iOS version 11. This is the same version of iOS which has undergone Common Criteria evaluation against the Protection Profile for Mobile Device Fundamentals Version 3.1.

1.4. TOE Architecture

1.4.1. Physical Boundaries

The TOE is a software application running on a mobile device (as listed above). The mobile device platform provides a host Operating System, controls that limit application behavior, and wireless connectivity. Note: The Apple iOS operating system has been separately validated.

1.4.2. Security Functions provided by the TOE

The TOE provides the security functionality required by [SWAPP] and [WEBBROWSEREP].

1.4.2.1. Cryptographic Support

The iOS platform provides TLS/HTTPS connectivity for users attempting to communicate with secure URLs. The TOE does not directly perform any cryptographic functions. The TOE invokes the iOS platform cryptography for secure credential storage.

1.4.2.2. User Data Protection

The TOE requests access to network connectivity, camera, microphone, location services, and address book, and communicates with the wireless network when invoked by the user. The TOE runs inside of a sandbox where each browser tab is isolated. In addition, the TOE supports blocking of third party cookies and the 'secure' attribute.

1.4.2.3. Identification and Authentication

All validation of X.509 certificates is performed by the iOS platform that the TOE is running on.

1.4.2.4. Security Management

The iOS platform provides the ability to configure the TOE. No credentials are installed by default.

1.4.2.5. Privacy

If the user logs into iCloud Account on two or more devices, two devices within Bluetooth range of each other have the ability to automatically "continue" browsing with the same URL provided via iCloud.

Examples of this include the use of "allow sending diagnostic and usage data to Apple" or "Allow modifying diagnostic settings". This does not send PII, but can be misunderstood as sending identifiable data.

1.4.2.6. Protection of the TSF

The TOE does not permit automatic downloads. All downloads are at the request of a user and require approval. The TOE does not support add-ons. The only supported mobile code is signed JavaScript. No third party libraries are leveraged by the TOE. The TOE platform verifies all software updates via digital signature.

1.4.2.7. Trusted Path/Channels

The TOE is a software application. The TOE leverages the iOS platform to establish HTTPS/TLS protected communications.

1.4.3. TOE Documentation

- Apple iOS 11 Safari Security Target, Version 1.0 [ST]
- Apple iOS 11 Safari on iPhone and iPad Common Criteria Configuration Guide, Version 1.2 [AGD]

1.4.4. Other References

- Protection Profile for Application Software, version 1.2, dated 22 April 2016 [SWAPP]
- Application Software Extended Package for Web Browsers, version 2.0, dated 16 June 2015 [WEBBROWSEREP]

2. Conformance Claims

2.1. CC Conformance

This TOE is conformant to:

- Common Criteria for Information Technology Security Evaluations Part 1, Version 3.1, Revision 4,
 September 2012
- Common Criteria for Information Technology Security Evaluations Part 2, Version 3.1, Revision 4,
 September 2012: Part 2 extended
- Common Criteria for Information Technology Security Evaluations Part 2, Version 3.1, Revision 4,
 September 2012: Part 3 extended

2.2. Protection Profile Conformance

This TOE is conformant to:

- Protection Profile for Application Software, version 1.2, dated 22 April 2016 [SWAPP]
- Application Software Extended Package for Web Browsers, version 2.0, dated 16 June 2015 [WEBBROWSEREP]

2.3. Conformance Rationale

This Security Target provides exact conformance to Version 1.2 of the Protection Profile for Application Software with version 2.0 of the Extended Package for Web Browsers. The security problem definition, security objectives and security requirements in this Security Target are all taken from the Protection Profile performing only operations defined there.

2.3.1. Technical Decisions

All NIAP Technical Decisions (TDs) issued to date that are applicable to [SWAPP] have been addressed. The following table identifies all applicable TD:

Identifier	Applicable?	Exclusion Rationale (if applicable)
0358 - Cipher Suites for TLS in SWApp v1.2	Yes	
0349 - Update to FPT_MCD_EXT.1.2	Yes	
0327 – Default file permissions for	Yes	
FMT_CFG_EXT.1.2		
0326 – RSA-based key establishment schemes	No	This TD addresses FCS_CKM.1, FCS_CKM.2,
		and FCS_TLSS_EXT.1.3. The TOE does not
		include any of these SFRs.
0305 – Handling of TLS connections with and	No	This TD address the Assurance Activities
without mutual authentication		associated with FCS_TLSC_EXT.2. The TOE
		does not include FCS_TLSC_EXT.2.
0304 – Update to FCS_TLSC_EXT.1.2	Yes	
0300 – Sensitive Data in FDP_DAR_EXT.1	Yes	
0296 – Update to FCS_HTTPS_EXT.1.3	Yes	
0295 – Update to FPT_AEX_EXT.1.3 Assurance	No	This TD modifies the Assurance Activity for
Activities		Android/Windows Platforms. The TOE runs
		on iOS.
0293 – Update to FCS_CKM.1(1)	No	This TD addresses FCS_CKM.1. The TOE does
		not include FCS_CKM.1. Additionally, this TD
		has been archived.
0283 – Cipher Suites for TLS in SWApp v1.2	Yes	

Identifier	Applicable?	Exclusion Rationale (if applicable)
0358 - Cipher Suites for TLS in SWApp v1.2	Yes	
0349 - Update to FPT_MCD_EXT.1.2	Yes	
0269 – Update to FPT_AEX_EXT.1.3 Assurance Activity	No	This TD modifies the Assurance Activity for Windows Platforms. The TOE runs on iOS. Additionally, the TD has been archived.
0268 – FMT_MEC_EXT.1 Clarification	Yes	
0267 – TLSS testing - Empty Certificate Authorities list	No	This TD addresses the Assurance Activity for FCS_TLSS_EXT.1. The TOE does not include FCS_TLSS_EXT.1.
0244 – FCS_TLSC_EXT - TLS Client Curves Allowed	Yes	
0241 – Removal of Test 4.1 in FCS_TLSS_EXT.1.1	No	This TD addresses the Assurance Activity for FCS_TLSS_EXT.1. The TOE does not include FCS_TLSS_EXT.1.
0238 – User-modifiable files FPT_AEX_EXT.1.4	Yes	
0221 – FMT_SMF.1.1 - Assignments moved to Selections	No	This TD addresses the SWFE EP. The TOE is not claiming conformance to the SWFE EP.
0218 – Update to FPT_AEX_EXT.1.3 Assurance Activity	No	This TD modifies the Assurance Activity for Windows Platforms. The TOE runs on iOS. Additionally, the TD has been archived.
0217 – Compliance to RFC5759 and RFC5280 for using CRLs	Yes	
0215 – Update to FCS_HTTPS_EXT.1.2	Yes	
0192 – Update to FCS_STO_EXT.1 Application Note	Yes	
0178 – Integrity for installation tests in AppSW PP	Yes	
0177 – FCS_TLSS_EXT.1 Application Note Update	No	This TD addresses the usage of FCS_TLSS_EXT.1 as it related to FTP_DIT_EXT.1. The TOE does not include FCS_TLSS_EXT.1.
0174 – Optional Ciphersuites for TLS	No	Superseded by TD283
0172 – Additional APIs added to FCS_RBG_EXT.1.1	No	This TD modifies the Assurance Activity for Windows Platforms. The TOE runs on iOS.
0163 – Update to FCS_TLSC_EXT.1.1 Test 5.4 and FCS_TLSS_EXT.1.1 Test	No	This TD is only needed when DHE or ECDHE is not supported.
0131 – Update to FCS_TLSS_EXT.1.1 Test 4.5	No	This TD addresses the Assurance Activity for FCS_TLSS_EXT.1. The TOE does not include FCS_TLSS_EXT.1.
0122 – FMT_SMF.1.1 Assignments moved to Selections	No	This TD addresses the SWFE EP. The TOE is not claiming conformance to the SWFE EP. Additionally, the TD has been archived.
0121 – FMT_MEC_EXT.1.1 Configuration Options	No	This TD addresses the SWFE EP. The TOE is not claiming conformance to the SWFE EP.
0119 - FCS_STO_EXT.1.1 in PP_APP_v1.2	Yes	
0107 – FCS_CKM - ANSI X9.31-1998, Section 4.1.for Cryptographic Key Generation	No	This TD address key generation (FCS_CKM.1). The TOE does not include key generation.

Table 3 TDs

3. Security Problem Definition

The security problem definition has been taken from [SWAPP] and [WEBBROWSEREP] and is reproduced here for the convenience of the reader. The security problem is described in terms of the threats that the TOE is expected to address, assumptions about the operational environment, and any organizational security policies that the TOE is expected to enforce.

3.1. Threats

The following threats are drawn directly from the [SWAPP] and [WEBBROWSEREP].

ID	Threat
T.NETWORK_ATTACK	An attacker is positioned on a communications channel or elsewhere on the network infrastructure. Attackers may engage in communications with the application software or alter communications between the application software and other endpoints in order to compromise it.
T.NETWORK_EAVESDROP	An attacker is positioned on a communications channel or elsewhere on the network infrastructure. Attackers may monitor and gain access to data exchanged between the application and other endpoints.
T.LOCAL_ATTACK	An attacker can act through unprivileged software on the same computing platform on which the application executes. Attackers may provide maliciously formatted input to the application in the form of files or other local communications.
T.PHYSICAL_ACCESS	An attacker may try to access sensitive data at rest.
T.FLAWED_ADDON	Web browser functionality can be extended through the integration of third-party utilities and tools. Malicious or vulnerable add-ons could result in attacks against the system. Such attacks can allow unauthorized access to sensitive information in the browser, unauthorized access to the platform's file system, or even privilege escalation that enables unauthorized access to other applications or the operating system.
T.SAME-ORIGIN_VIOLATION	Violating the same-origin policy is a specialized type of network attack (covered generally as T.NETWORK_ATTACK in the App PP) which involves web content violating access control policies enforced by a web browser to separate the content of different web domains. It is specifically identified as a threat to web browsers, since they implement the access control policies that are violated in these attacks.
	 Attacks which involve same origin violations include: Insufficient protection of session tokens can lead to session hijacking, where a token is captured and reused in order to gain the privileges of the user who initiated the session. Cross-site scripting (XSS) and Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF) attacks are methods used to compromise user credentials (usually by stealing the user's session token) to a web site. These attacks are more likely a result of server security problems, but some browsers incorporate technologies that try to detect the attacks. Inadequate sandboxing of browser windows/tabs or a faulty cross domain communications model can lead to leakage of content from one domain in one window/tab to a different domain in a different window/tab. Such attacks leverage the ability of browsers to display content from multiple domains simultaneously.

Table 4 Threats

3.2. Assumptions

The following assumptions are drawn directly from the [SWAPP] and [WEBBROWSEREP].

ID	Assumption
A.PLATFORM	The TOE relies upon a trustworthy computing platform for its execution. This
	includes the underlying platform and whatever runtime environment it provides to
	the TOE.
A.PROPER_USER	The user of the application software is not willfully negligent or hostile, and uses
	the software in compliance with the applied enterprise security policy.
A.PROPER_ADMIN	The administrator of the application software is not careless, willfully negligent or
	hostile, and administers the software within compliance of the applied enterprise
	security policy.

Table 5 OSPs

3.3. Organizational Security Policies

There are no OSPs for the TOE.

4. Security Objectives

The security objectives have been taken from [SWAPP] and [WEBBROWSEREP] and are reproduced here for the convenience of the reader.

4.1. Security Objectives for the TOE

The following security objectives for the TOE were drawn directly from the [SWAPP] and [WEBBROWSEREP].

ID	TOE Objective
O.INTEGRITY	Conformant TOEs ensure the integrity of their installation and update packages, and also leverage execution environment based mitigations. Software is seldom if ever shipped without errors, and the ability to deploy patches and updates to fielded software with integrity is critical to enterprise network security. Processor manufacturers, compiler developers, execution environment vendors, and operating system vendors have developed execution environment based mitigations that increase the cost to attackers by adding complexity to the task of compromising systems. Application software can often take advantage of these mechanisms by using APIs provided by the runtime environment or by enabling the mechanism through compiler or linker options. Addressed by: FDP_DEC_EXT.1, FMT_CFG_EXT.1, FPT_AEX_EXT.1, FPT_TUD_EXT.1, FPT_DNL_EXT.1, FPT_MCD_EXT.1
O.QUALITY	To ensure quality of implementation, conformant TOEs leverage services and APIs provided by the runtime environment rather than implementing their own versions of these services and APIs. This is especially important for cryptographic services and other complex operations such as file and media parsing. Leveraging this platform behavior relies upon using only documented and supported APIs. Addressed by: FMT_MEC_EXT.1, FPT_API_EXT.1, FPT_LIB_EXT.1
O.MANAGEMENT	To facilitate management by users and the enterprise, conformant TOEs provide consistent and supported interfaces for their security relevant configuration and maintenance. This includes the deployment of applications and application updates through the use of platform supported deployment mechanisms and formats, as well as providing mechanisms for configuration. This also includes providing control to the user regarding disclosure of any PII. Addressed by: FMT_SMF.1, FPT_IDV_EXT.1, FPT_TUD_EXT.1.5, FPR_ANO_EXT.1, FDP_TRK_EXT.1, FMT_MOF_EXT.1
O.PROTECTED_STORAGE	To address the issue of loss of confidentiality of user data in the event of loss of physical control of the storage medium, conformant TOEs will use data at rest protection. This involves encrypting data and keys stored by the TOE in order to prevent unauthorized access to this data. This also includes unnecessary network communications whose consequence may be the loss of data. Addressed by: FDP_DAR_EXT.1, FCS_STO_EXT.1, FCS_RBG_EXT.1
O.PROTECTED_COMMS	To address both passive (eavesdropping) and active (packet modification) network attack threats, conformant TOEs will use a trusted channel for sensitive data. Sensitive data includes cryptographic keys, passwords, and any other data specific to the application that should not be exposed outside of the application. Addressed by: FTP_DIT_EXT.1, FCS_TLSC_EXT.1, FCS_DTLS_EXT.1, FCS_RBG_EXT.1, FDP_STR_EXT.1
O.DOMAIN_ISOLATION	To address the network attack associated with content leakage between different web domains, the browser must ensure that content originating from different domains (e.g., in a tab or iFrame) is properly isolated.

	Addressed by: FDP_ACF_EXT.1.1, FDP_SBX_EXT.1, FDP_SOP_EXT.1
O.ADDON_INTEGRITY	To address issues associated with malicious or flawed add-ons, conformant
	browsers implement mechanisms to ensure their integrity. This includes verification
	and validation at installation time and update.
	Addressed by: FPT_AON_EXT.1

Table 6 Objectives for the TOE

4.2. Security Objectives for the Operational Environment

The following security objectives for the operational environment assist the TOE in correctly providing its security functionality. These track with the assumptions about the environment.

ID	Objective for the Operation Environment
OE.PLATFORM	The TOE relies upon a trustworthy computing platform for its execution. This includes the underlying operating system and any discrete execution environment provided to the TOE.
OE.PROPER_USER	The user of the application software is not willfully negligent or hostile, and uses the software within compliance of the applied enterprise security policy.
OE.PROPER_ADMIN	The administrator of the application software is not careless, willfully negligent or hostile, and administers the software within compliance of the applied enterprise security policy.

Table 7 Objectives for the environment

5. Security Requirements

This section identifies the Security Functional Requirements for the TOE and/or Platform. The Security Functional Requirements included in this section are derived from Part 2 of the Common Criteria for Information Technology Security Evaluation, Version 3.1, Revision 4 and all international interpretations.

Requirement	Auditable Event
FCS_HTTPS_EXT.1	HTTPS Protocol
FCS_RBG_EXT.1	Random Bit Generation Services
FCS_STO_EXT.1	Storage of Secrets
FCS_TLSC_EXT.1	TLS Client Protocol
FCS_TLSC_EXT.4	TLS Client Protocol
FDP_ACF_EXT.1	Local and Session Storage Separation
FDP_COO_EXT.1	Cookie Blocking
FDP_SBX_EXT.1	Sandboxing of Rendering Processes
FDP_SOP_EXT.1	Same Origin Policy
FDP_STR_EXT.1	Secure Transmission of Cookie Data
FDP_TRK_EXT.1	Tracking Information Collection
FDP_DAR_EXT.1	Encryption Of Sensitive Application Data
FDP_DEC_EXT.1	Access to Platform Resources
FDP_NET_EXT.1	Network Communications
FIA_X509_EXT.1	X.509 Certificate Validation
FIA_X509_EXT.2	X.509 Certificate Authentication
FMT_CFG_EXT.1	Secure by Default Configuration
FMT_MOF_EXT.1	Management of Functions Behavior
FMT_MEC_EXT.1	Supported Configuration Mechanism
FMT_SMF.1	Specification of Management Functions
FPR_ANO_EXT.1	User Consent for Transmission of Personally Identifiable Info
FPT_AON_EXT.1	Support for Only Trusted Addons
FPT_DNL_EXT.1	File Downloads
FPT_MCD_EXT.1	Mobile Code
FPT_AEX_EXT.1	AntiExploitation Capabilities
FPT_API_EXT.1	Use of Supported Services and APIs
FPT_LIB_EXT.1	Use of Third Party Libraries
FPT_TUD_EXT.1	Integrity for Installation and Update
FTP_DIT_EXT.1	Protection of Data in Transit

Table 8 SFRs

5.1. Conventions

The CC defines operations on Security Functional Requirements: assignments, selections, assignments within selections and refinements. This document uses the following font conventions to identify the operations defined by the CC:

- Assignment: Indicated with italicized text;
- Refinement: Indicated with **bold** text;
- Selection: Indicated with underlined text;
- Iteration: Indicated by appending the iteration number in parenthesis, e.g., (1), (2), (3).
- Where operations were completed in the PP itself, the formatting used in the PP has been retained.

Explicitly stated SFRs are identified by having a label 'EXT' after the requirement name for TOE SFRs. Formatting conventions outside of operations matches the formatting specified within the PP.

5.2. Security Functional requirements

5.2.1. Cryptographic Support (FCS)

FCS_HTTPS_EXT.1 HTTPS Protocol

FCS_HTTPS_EXT.1.1

The application shall implement the HTTPS protocol that complies with RFC 2818.

FCS_ HTTPS _EXT.1.2

The application shall implement HTTPS using TLS in accordance with [FCS_TLSC_EXT.1].

FCS_ HTTPS _EXT.1.3

The application shall [notify the user and request authorization to establish the connection] if the peer certificate is deemed invalid.

FCS_RBG_EXT.1 Random Bit Generation Services

FCS RBG EXT.1.1

The application shall [invoke platform-provided DRBG functionality] for its cryptographic operations.

FCS STO EXT.1 Storage of Secrets

FCS STO EXT.1.1

The application shall [not store any credentials] to non-volatile memory.

FCS TLSC EXT.1 TLS Client Protocol

FCS_TLSC_EXT.1.1

The application shall [invoke platform-provided TLS 1.2] supporting the following ciphersuites:

ſ

- TLS RSA WITH AES 128 CBC SHA256 as defined in RFC 5246
- TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA256 as defined in RFC 5246
- TLS ECDHE RSA WITH AES 256 GCM SHA384 as defined in RFC 5289
- TLS ECDHE ECDSA WITH AES 128 CBC SHA256 as defined in RFC 5289
- TLS ECDHE ECDSA WITH AES 256 CBC SHA384 as defined in RFC 5289
- TLS ECDHE ECDSA WITH AES 128 GCM SHA256 as defined in RFC 5289
- TLS ECDHE ECDSA WITH AES 256 GCM SHA384 as defined in RFC 5289]

FCS_TLSC_EXT.1.2

The application shall verify that the presented identifier matches the reference identifier according to RFC 6125.

FCS_TLSC_EXT.1.3

The application shall only establish a trusted channel if the peer certificate is valid.

FCS_TLSC_EXT.4 TLS Client Protocol

FCS TLSC EXT.4.1

The application shall present the supported Elliptic Curves Extension in the Client Hello with the following NIST curves: [secp256r1, secp384r1].

5.2.2. User Data Protection (FDP)

FDP_ACF_EXT.1 Local and Session Storage Separation

FDP_ACF_EXT.1.1

The browser shall separate local (permanent) and session (ephemeral) storage based on domain, protocol and port:

- Session storage shall be accessible only from the originating window/tab;
- Local storage shall only be accessible from windows/tabs running the same web application.

FDP_COO_EXT.1 Cookie Blocking

FDP_COO_EXT.1.1

The browser shall provide the capability to block the storage of third party cookies by websites.

FDP_DEC_EXT.1 Access to Platform Resources

FDP_DEC_EXT.1.1

The application shall restrict its access to [network connectivity, camera, microphone, and location services].

FDP_DEC_EXT.1.2

The application shall restrict its access to [no sensitive information repositories].

FDP_NET_EXT.1 Network Communications

FDP NET EXT.1.1

The application shall restrict network communication to [<u>user-initiated communication for [accessing websites]</u>].

FDP_DAR_EXT.1 Encryption of Sensitive Application Data

FDP DAR EXT.1.1

The application shall [leverage platform-provided functionality to encrypt sensitive data] in non-volatile memory.

FDP_SBX_EXT.1 Sandboxing of Rendering Processes

FDP SBX EXT.1.1

The browser shall ensure that web page rendering is performed in a process that is restricted in the following manner:

The rendering process can only directly access the area of the file system dedicated to the browser.

- The rendering process can only directly access the area of the file system dedicated to the browser.
- The rendering process can only directly invoke inter-process communication mechanisms with its own browser processes.
- The rendering process has reduced privilege with respect to other browser processes [in no other ways]

FDP_SOP_EXT.1 Same Origin Policy

FDP SOP EXT.1.1

The browser shall only permit scripts contained in one web page to access data in a second web page if both pages are from the same origin.

FDP_SOP_EXT.1.2

The browser shall enforce the same origin policy for all domains.

FDP STR EXT.1 Secure Transmission of Cookie Data

FDP_STR_EXT.1.1

The browser shall ensure that cookies containing the secure attribute in the set-cookie header are sent over HTTPS.

FDP_TRK_EXT.1 Tracking Information Collection

FDP_TRK_EXT.1.1

The browser shall provide notification to the user when tracking information for [:

geolocation

] is requested by a website.

5.2.3. Identification and Authentication (FIA)

FIA_X509_EXT.1 X.509 Certificate Validation

FIA_X509_EXT.1.1

The application shall [invoked platform-provided functionality] to validate certificates in accordance with the following rules:

- RFC 5280 certificate validation and certificate path validation.
- The certificate path must terminate with a trusted CA certificate.
- The application shall validate a certificate path by ensuring the presence of the basicConstraints extension and that the CA flag is set to TRUE for all CA certificates.
- The application shall validate the revocation status of the certificate using [the Online Certificate Status Protocol (OCSP) as specified in RFC 2560].
- The application shall validate the extendedKeyUsage field according to the following rules:
 - Certificates used for trusted updates and executable code integrity verification shall have the Code Signing purpose (idkp 3 with OID 1.3.6.1.5.5.7.3.3) in the extendedKeyUsage field.
 - Server certificates presented for TLS shall have the Server Authentication purpose (idkp 1 with OID 1.3.6.1.5.5.7.3.1) in the extendedKeyUsage field.
 - Client certificates presented for TLS shall have the Client Authentication purpose (idkp 2 with OID 1.3.6.1.5.5.7.3.2) in the extendedKeyUsage field.
 - S/MIME certificates presented for email encryption and signature shall have the Email Protection purpose (idkp 4 with OID 1.3.6.1.5.5.7.3.4) in the extendedKeyUsage field.

- OCSP certificates presented for OCSP responses shall have the OCSP Signing purpose (idkp
 9 with OID 1.3.6.1.5.5.7.3.9) in the extended Key Usage field.
- Server certificates presented for EST shall have the CMC Registration Authority (RA) purpose (idkpcmcRA with OID 1.3.6.1.5.5.7.3.28) in the extendedKeyUsage field.

FIA_X509_EXT.1.2

The application shall only treat a certificate as a CA certificate if the basicConstraints extension is present and the CA flag is set to TRUE.

FIA_X509_EXT.2 X.509 Certificate Authentication

FIA_X509_EXT.2.1

The application shall use X.509v3 certificates as defined by RFC 5280 to support authentication for [HTTPS, TLS].

FIA_X509_EXT.2.2

When the application cannot establish a connection to determine the validity of a certificate, the application shall [not accept the certificate].

5.2.4. Security Management (FMT)

FMT_CFG_EXT.1 Secure by Default Configuration

FMT_CFG_EXT.1.1

The application shall only provide enough functionality to set new credentials when configured with default credentials or no credentials.

FMT_CFG_EXT.1.2

The application shall be configured by default with file permissions which protect the application's binaries and data files from modification by normal unprivileged user.

FMT_MEC_EXT.1 Supported Configuration Mechanism

FMT_MEC_EXT.1.1

The application shall invoke the mechanisms recommended by the platform vendor for storing and setting configuration options.

FMT_MOF_EXT.1 Management of Functions Behavior

FMT MOF EXT.1.1

The browser shall be capable of performing the following management functions, controlled by the administrator or user as shown:

- X = Mandatory
- O = Optional

Management Function	Administrator	User
Enable/disable storage of third party cookies	O, N	Χ, Ι
Enable/disable use of OCSP for obtaining the revocation status of X.509	O, N	O, N
certificates		
Configure inclusion of user-agent information in HTTP headers	O, N	O, N

Enable/disable ability for websites to collect tracking information about the user through [[Cookies, Do Not Track requests, location services]]	O, N	0, 1
Enable/disable deletion of stored browsing data (cache, web form	O, N	Х, І
information)		
Enable/disable storage of sensitive information (e.g., auto-fill, auto-	O, N	O, N
complete) in persistent storage		
Configure size of cookie cache	O, N	O, N
Configure size of cache	O, N	O, N
Enable/disable interaction with Graphic Processing Units (GPUs)	O, N	O, N
Configure the ability to advance to a web site with an invalid or unvalidated	O, N	O, N
X.509 certificate		
Enable/disable establishment of a trusted channel if the browser cannot	O, N	O, N
establish a connection to determine the validity of a certificate		
Configure the use of an application reputation service to detect malicious	O, N	0, 1
applications prior to download		
Configure the use of a URL reputation service to detect sites that contain	O, N	0, 1
malware or phishing content		
Enable/disable automatic installation of software updates and patches	O, N	O, N
Enable/disable ability for websites to register protocol handlers	O, N	O, N
Enable/disable display notification when unsigned, untrusted or unverified	O, N	O, N
mobile code is encountered		
Enable/disable user's ability to select default actions upon download of a file	O, N	O, N
(e.g., always open, or always save, a downloaded file)		
Enable/disable launching of downloaded files outside the browser	O, N	O, N
Enable/disable JavaScript	Χ, Ι	Х, І
Enable/disable [no mobile code types]	O, N	O, N
Enable/disable support for addons	O, N	O, N
Enable/disable individual addons	O, N	O, N
Enable/disable HSTS mode	O, N	O, N

Application Note: Implementation of the optional functionality above has been identified as either implemented with an "I" or not implemented with an "N"

FMT_SMF.1 Specification of Management Functions

FMT_SMF.1.1

The TSF shall be capable of performing the following management functions [management functions defined in FMT_MOF_EXT.1].

5.2.5. Privacy (FPR)

FPR_ANO_EXT.1 User Consent for Transmission of Personally Identifiable Information

FPR_ANO_EXT.1

The application shall [not transmit PII over a network].

5.2.6. Protection of TSF (FPT)

FPT_API_EXT.1 Use of Supported Services and APIs

FPT_API_EXT.1.1

The application shall only use documented platform APIs.

FPT AEX EXT.1 AntiExploitation Capabilities

FPT AEX EXT.1.1

The application shall not request to map memory at an explicit address except for [none].

FPT_AEX_EXT.1.2

The application shall [not allocate any memory region with both write and execute permissions].

FPT_AEX_EXT.1.3

The application shall be compatible with security features provided by the platform vendor.

FPT_AEX_EXT.1.4

The application shall not write user modifiable files to directories that contain executable files unless explicitly directed by the user to do so.

FPT_AEX_EXT.1.5

The application shall be compiled with stack-based buffer overflow protection enabled.

FPT DNL EXT.1 File Downloads

FPT_DNL_EXT.1.1

The browser shall prevent downloaded content from launching automatically.

FPT_DNL_EXT.1.2

The browser shall present the user with the option to either save or discard downloaded files.

FPT_MCD_EXT.1 Mobile Code

FPT MCD EXT.1.1

The browser shall support the capability to execute signed [JavaScript] mobile code.

FPT MCD EXT.1.2

The browser shall [automatically discard] unsigned, untrusted or unverified [JavaScript] mobile code without executing it.

FPT AON EXT.1 Support for Only Trusted Add-ons

FPT_AON_EXT.1.1

The browser shall include the capability to load [no add-ons].

FPT_TUD_EXT.1 Integrity for Installation and Update

FPT_TUD_EXT.1.1

The application shall [leverage the platform] to check for updates and patches to the application software.

FPT_TUD_EXT.1.2

The application shall be distributed using the format of the platform supported package manager.

FPT_TUD_EXT.1.3

The application shall be packaged such that its removal results in the deletion of all traces of the application, with the exception of configuration settings, output files, and audit/log events.

FPT_TUD_EXT.1.4

The application shall not download, modify, replace or update its own binary code.

FPT TUD EXT.1.5

The application shall [leverage the platform] to query the current version of the application software.

FPT_TUD_EXT.1.6

The application installation package and its updates shall be digitally signed such that its platform can cryptographically verify them prior to installation.

FPT_LIB_EXT.1 Use of Third Party Libraries

FPT_LIB_EXT.1.1

The application shall be packaged with only [none].

5.2.7. Trusted Path/Channel (FTP)

FTP_DIT_EXT.1 Protection of Data in Transit

FTP_DIT_EXT.1.1

The application shall [encrypt all transmitted data with [HTTPS, TLS]] between itself and another trusted IT product.

5.3. TOE SFR Dependencies Rationale for SFRs

The Protection Profile for Application Software contains all the requirements claimed in this Security Target. As such, the dependencies are not applicable since the PP has been approved.

5.4. Security Assurance Requirements

The TOE assurance requirements for this ST are taken directly from the Protection Profile for Application Software which are derived from Common Criteria Version 3.1, Revision 4. The assurance requirements are summarized in the table below.

Assurance Class	Components	Components Description
Development	ADV_FSP.1	Basic Functional Specification
Guidance Documents	AGD_OPE.1	Operational User Guidance
	AGD_PRE.1	Preparative User Guidance
Life Cycle Support	ALC_CMC.1	Labeling of the TOE
	ALC_CMS.1	TOE CM Coverage
	ALC_TSU_EXT.1	Timely Security Updates
Tests	ATE_IND.1	Independent Testing – Conformance

Assurance Class	Components	Components Description
Vulnerability Assessment	AVA_VAN.1	Vulnerability Analysis

Table 9 Security Assurance Requirements

5.5. Rationale for Security Assurance Requirements

The functional specification describes the external interfaces of the TOE; such as the means for a user to invoke a service and the corresponding response of those services. The description includes the interface(s) that enforces a security functional requirement, the interface(s) that supports the enforcement of a security functional requirement, and the interface(s) that does not enforce any security functional requirements. The interfaces are described in terms of their purpose (general goal of the interface), method of use (how the interface is to be used), parameters (explicit inputs to and outputs from an interface that control the behavior of that interface), parameter descriptions (tells what the parameter is in some meaningful way), and error messages (identifies the condition that generated it, what the message is, and the meaning of any error codes). The development evidence also contains a tracing of the interfaces to the SFRs described in this ST.

5.6. Assurance Measures

The TOE satisfies the identified assurance requirements. This section identifies the Assurance Measures applied by Apple to satisfy the assurance requirements. The table below lists the details.

SAR Component	How the SAR will be met
ADV_FSP.1	The functional specification describes the external interfaces of the TOE; such as the means for a user to invoke a service and the corresponding response of those services. The description includes the interface(s) that enforces a security functional requirement, the interface(s) that supports the enforcement of a security functional requirement, and the interface(s) that does not enforce any security functional requirements. The interfaces are described in terms of their purpose (general goal of the interface), method of use (how the interface is to be used), parameters (explicit inputs to and outputs from an interface that control the behavior of that interface), parameter descriptions (tells what the parameter is in some meaningful way), and error messages (identifies the condition that generated it, what the message is, and the meaning of any error codes).
AGD_OPE.1	The Administrative Guide provides the descriptions of the processes and procedures of how the administrative users of the TOE can securely administer the TOE using the interfaces that provide the features and functions detailed in the guidance.
AGD_PRE.1	The Installation Guide describes the installation, generation, and startup procedures so that the users of the TOE can put the components of the TOE in the evaluated configuration.
ALC_CMC.1	The Configuration Management (CM) documents describe how the consumer identifies the
ALC_CMS.1	evaluated TOE. The CM documents identify the configuration items, how those configuration items are uniquely identified, and the adequacy of the procedures that are used to control and track changes that are made to the TOE. This includes details on what changes are tracked and how potential changes are incorporated.
ALC_TSU_EXT.1	To report security or privacy issues that affect Apple products or web servers, should contact product-security@apple.com. Submissions can use Apple's Product Security PGP key (https://support.apple.com/en-us/HT201214) to encrypt sensitive information that is sent by email. When the email is received, Apple will send an automatic email as acknowledgment. If this email is not received, please check the email address and send again. For the protection

SAR Component	How the SAR will be met
	of our customers, Apple generally does not disclose, discuss, or confirm security issues until a full investigation is complete and any necessary patches or releases are available. Apple distributes information about security issues in its products through security advisories. Users can also receive Apple security advisories through the security-announce mailing list.
ATE_IND.1	Apple will provide the TOE for testing.
AVA_VAN.1	Apple will provide the TOE for testing.

Table 10 TOE Security Assurance Measures

6. TOE Summary Specification

This chapter identifies and describes how the Security Functional Requirements and Security Assurance Requirements identified above are met by the TOE.

TOE SFR	Rationale	
FCS_HTTPS_EXT.1	The TOE implements RFC 2818 and leverages TLS 1.2 for establishing a secure connection. If the TOE fails to validate a server certificate, the user receives a notification and must authorize the connection before it is established.	
FCS_RBG_EXT.1	The TOE leverages the platform provided SecRandomCopyBytes to for random bit services. Specifically, the TOE uses the random bits to auto-generate user requested information for websites (e.g., auto-fill).	
FCS_STO_EXT.1	The Safari application does not use any credentials.	
FCS_TLSC_EXT.1	The TOE implements TLS 1.2 for use in establishing secure connections to external IT	
FCS_TLSC_EXT.4	entities. By default, TLS 1.0, TLS 1.1, SSL 2.0 and SSL 3.0 connections are denied.	
	The TOE supports the following encryption algorithms for use with TLS connections:	
	TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256 as defined in RFC 5246	
	TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA256 as defined in RFC 5246	
	TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384 as defined in RFC 5289	
	TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256 as defined in RFC 5289	
	TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA384 as defined in RFC 5289	
	TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256 as defined in RFC 5289	
	TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384 as defined in RFC 5289	
	During establishment of the TLS 1.2 session, the TOE platform will perform verification of	
	the presented identifier in the peer certificate to ensure that it is a valid reference	
	identifier. This ensures that the reference identifier is conformant with RFC 6125. When	
	the TOE uses the APIs provided by the platform to attempt to establish a trusted channel,	
	the TOE will compare the DN contained within the peer certificate (specifically the Subject	
	CN, as well as any Subject Alternative Name fields, IP Address, or Wildcard certificate if	
	applicable) to the DN of the requested server. If the DN in the certificate does not match the expected DN for the peer, then the application cannot establish the connection.	
	The TOE supports IP address and wildcards (via the TOE platform). Certificate pinning is not supported. The TOE, when acting as a client, provides responses to the server with a list of its supported curves, including, secp256r1 and secp384r1. These elliptic curves are	
	supported by default and no configuration is required.	
FDP_DAR_EXT.1	During operation of the TOE, any sensitive information stored securely is protected by platform-provided functionality to encrypt the sensitive data. All user requested browser information (autofill information) stored on the platform is stored under Class C (Protected Until First User Authentication- NSFileProtectionComplete). No other files are stored by the application.	
FDP_DEC_EXT.1	The TOE requests only access to the following components:	
	Network connectivity	
	Camera	
	Microphone	
	Location services	
FDP_NET_EXT.1	The TOE communicates on the network (accessing external websites) based upon user-initiated actions.	
FDP_ACF_EXT.1	The TOE runs in a sandbox environment within the underlying platform OS. The TOE has not	
	The state of the s	

TOE SFR	Rationale
	access to storage outside of the implemented sandbox. The storage used by the TOE is
	isolated from the underlying platform.
FDP_COO_EXT.1	The TOE can be configured through setting to block all cookies via communication with the
	underlying platforms settings menu. When configured, the TOE will reject any attempts from
	a website to use third-party cookies.
FDP_SBX_EXT.1	The TOE is a first-party application provided as part of the underlying platform. When requests to render HTML or interpret JavaScript are done by a website, the TOE process itself will process the request underlying platform's libraries. The TOE runs in a dedicated sandbox environment on the platform. This completely isolates the requests from accessing the platform's file system. The TOE has no access to the underlying file system. This functionality is enabled by default with no user intervention required.
FDP_SOP_EXT.1	Each Browser tab/window is individually isolated from the other open tabs and does not
	allow data to flow between or exceptions made due to state, condition, or origin of another tab. Each tab/window requires appropriate adherence to the authentication requirements and restrictions. No sharing occurs between tabs/windows. The TOE is fully compliant with RFC 6454 in that the policy is applied to all web browser tab/windows independently, there is not situation where conformation is relaxed in anyway.
FDP_STR_EXT.1	In accordance with RFC 6265, the TOE supports the use of the 'secure' attribute within the set-cookie header. Cookies that are sent over HTTPS are required to contain this attribute within the header.
FDP_TRK_EXT.1	The TOE provides notifications to users when a request for geolocation is sent from a website is needed. The request is displayed as a pop-up to the user and offers the option to allow or deny the request.
FIA_X509_EXT.1	The TOE leverages X.509 certificate validation services provided by the TOE platform to validate certificates presented by its TLS connections.
	The X.509 certificates are validated using the certificate path validation algorithm defined in RFC 5280, which can be summarized as follows:
	 the public key algorithm and parameters are checked the current date/time is checked against the validity period revocation status is checked issuer name of X matches the subject name of X+1 name constraints are checked policy OIDs are checked policy constraints are checked; issuers are ensured to have CA signing bits path length is checked critical extensions are processed
	In order to verify the revocation status of the presented certificates Online Certificate Status Protocol (OCSP) is used. Certificate processing is completely provided by the TOE platform.
FIA_X509_EXT.2	X.509v3 certificates are supported for authentication for TLS connections.
	The certificate used for TLS connection are loaded as all other configuration information is loaded, via an .xml configuration file. The TOE will only use the configured certificates for TLS connections.
	The TOE receives its peer X.509 certificate during the initial establishment of a TLS connection. If during the revocation check of this certificate, the OCSP server cannot be contacted, the connection will not be established. If the certificate is deemed to be invalid via a revocation check, the communication will cease immediately and a connection will not be established.

TOE SFR	Rationale
FMT_CFG_EXT.1	The TOE does not come with any default credentials. The user must configure an account
	first before accessing the TOE and underlying platform.
FMT_MEC_EXT.1/	The TOE supports several managements functions including,
FMT_MOF_EXT.1/	Enabling and disabling storage of cookies
FMT_SMF.1	
	 Enabling and disabling the ability for websites to collect tracking information Deletion of stored browsing data
	Enabling and disabling storage of auto-fill and auto-complete data
	Configuring the use of an application reputation service to detect malicious
	applications prior to download
	 Configuring the use of a URL reputation service to detect sites that contain malware
	or phishing content
	Enabling and disabling JavaScript
	- '
	Of these configurations, enabling and disabling JavaScript and enabling and disabling storage
	of auto-fill and auto-complete data can be configured via uploaded profiles. When configured
	via an uploaded profile, the user of the TOE is not able to change the settings.
	Each of these settings is provided through the underlying Platform. The TOE does not provide
	a separate configuration interface. Each of these settings are stored in the user defaults
	system by the underlying platform.
FPR_ANO_EXT.1	The TOE does not specifically request PII from the user. Any information provided by the user
	is entered without prompting from the TOE.
FPT_DNL_EXT.1	The TOE does not permit automatic downloading of from a website. The content user must
	approve a request before the download begins or discard the download request. Only after
EDT MCD EVT 1	the request is approved will the content be downloaded.
FPT_MCD_EXT.1	The TOE supports the user of signed JavaScript mobile code. No other mobile code is supported by the TOE. All incorrectly signed JavaScript is discarded by the TOE.
FPT_AON_EXT.1	The TOE does not support the use of add-ons.
FPT_AEX_EXT.1	The TOE does not support the use of add-ons. The TOE is compiled with ASLR enabled (achieved by compiling with the –fPIE flag) and does
TFT_ALX_LXT.1	not make any calls to mmap or mprotect. Stack-based buffer overflow protection is provided
	by being compiled with the –fstack-protector-all flag.
FPT_API_EXT.1	The following API frameworks are used by Safari:
	Accounts.framework
	AddressBook.framework
	AppKit.framework
	AppSupport.framework
	AssistantServices.framework
	Contacts.framework Contacts.Paration framework
	 ContactsDonation.framework CoreData.framework
	CoreFoundation.frameworkCoreGraphics.framework
	CoreGraphics.framework CoreSpotlight.framework
	CoreSuggestions.framework
	CoreText.framework
	DataAccessExpress.framework
	Foundation.framework
	IntlPreferences.framework
	PhoneNumber.framework
	Security.framework
	- Security.numework

TOE SFR	Rationale
	TCC.framework
FPT_LIB_EXT.1	The TOE does not leverage any third-party libraries. It is a 1st part application that is provided
	on the underlying platform by the vendor.
FPT_TUD_EXT.1	The TOE is provided within the underlying OS image and packaged as an IPA file signed by
	Apple. Updates to the TOE are provided through system updates and current versions of the
	TOE can be checked through the Settings of the underlying platform.
FTP_DIT_EXT.1	All application data is transmitted securely via HTTPS and TLS.

Table 11 TOE Summary Specification SFR Description

TOE SFR	Rationale
ALC_TSU_EXT.1	To report security or privacy issues that affect Apple products or web servers, should contact product-security@apple.com. Submissions can use Apple's Product Security PGP key (https://support.apple.com/en-us/HT201214) to encrypt sensitive information that is sent by email. When the email is received, Apple will send an automatic email as acknowledgment. If this email is not received, please check the email address and send again. For the protection of our customers, Apple generally does not disclose, discuss, or confirm security issues until a full investigation is complete and any necessary patches or releases are available. Apple distributes information about security issues in its products through security advisories. Users can also receive Apple security advisories through the security-announce mailing list.

Table 12 TOE Summary Specification SAR Description

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